THE NATIONAL IDENTIFICATION AND REGISTRATION ACT

(ACT of 2017)

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SCHEDULES
A BILL

ENTITLED

AN ACT to Establish a body to be called the National Identification and Registration Authority for the promotion, establishment and regulation of a National Identification System for the enrolment and registration of all citizens and individuals who are ordinarily resident in Jamaica and the verification, and the authentication of their identity; to provide for the establishment, maintenance and operation of a databank to be called the National Civil and Identification Database; the assignment of a National Identification Number and the issue of a National Identification Card to such individuals; and for connected matters.

BE IT ENACTED by The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty,

by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Representatives of Jamaica, and by the authority of the same, as follows:-

PART I. Preliminary

Short title and commencement.

1. - (1) This Act may be cited as the National Identification and Registration Act, 2017, and subject to subsection (2), shall come into operation on a day or day to be appointed by the Minister by notice published in the Gazette.

(2) A notice under subsection (1) may appoint different days in respect of different parts or provisions of this Act.

Interpretation.

2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires –

"appointed day" means the day or days appointed under section 1 for the coming into operation of this Act;

“authentication” means the process by which the identification information or demographic information of an individual is proved as to its accuracy or inaccuracy;
“Authority” means the National Identification and Registration Authority established by section 5;

“biographic information” in relation to an individual, means the name, sex, date of birth, place of birth, time of birth, parish of birth, marital status, telephone number, e-mail address, mailing address and residential address of the individual, the name of the individual’s mother, the name of the individual’s father, the name of the individual’s guardian, where appropriate, and such other information as may be specified in the regulations;

“biometric information”, in relation to an individual, means the photograph, signature, finger print, palm print, toe print, foot print, iris scan, retina scan, blood type, height, eye colour, or such other biological attribute of the individual as may be specified in the regulations;

“Board” means the Board of Management of the Authority established by section 9;

“Chairman” means the Chairman of the Board appointed under paragraph 6 of the First Schedule;

“Chief Executive Officer” means the person appointed as the Chief Executive Officer under section 11;

“core biometric information” means finger print, foot print, iris scan, or such other biological attribute of an individual as may be specified in the regulations;

“Database” means the National Civil and Identification Database established by section 15;

“demographic information”, in relation to an individual, means the
race, religion, education, profession, occupation and such other attributes of the individual as may be prescribed in the regulations but shall not include political affiliation, income, medical history or sexual orientation of the individual;

"document" means, in addition to a document in writing, any thing or manner in which information of any description is recorded or stored;

"enrolled individual" means any person who is enrolled under Part IV;

"enrolment" means the process of collecting identity information and demographic information from individuals for the purpose of the Database;

"identity information" means the biographic information and biometric information of an individual;

"Minister" means the Prime Minister;

"National Identification Card" means the identification card issued under section 26;

"National Identification Number" means the identification number assigned to an individual under section 21;

"ordinarily resident in Jamaica", in relation to an individual, means legally residing in Jamaica or authorised to legally reside in Jamaica for at least six months in a calendar year;

"photograph" means an image of an individual, generated by a process of reflecting light and capturing light through chemical or electronic process and recreating the image either electronically or physically and, for the purpose of this Act, a photograph shall capture identifiable features and physical
characters of the individual, in such manner as may be
prescribed by the regulations;

"public body" means -

(a) a Ministry, Department, Executive Agency or other
agency of Government;

(b) a Local Authority as defined in section 2 of the Local
Governance Act;

(c) a statutory body or authority; or

(d) a government company, in which the Government, or
an Agency of the Government, is in a position to
direct the policy of that company;

"public records" has the meaning assigned to it in the Record Office
Act;

"registered individual" means a registrable individual whose
identity information is included in the Database;

"registrable individual" means any citizen or person who is
ordinarily resident in Jamaica;

"Registrar-General" has the meaning assigned to it by the
Registration (Births and Deaths) Act;

"regulations" means regulations made under section 57;

"requesting entity" means a public body or private entity that, or
person who submits the National Identification Number and
identity information, of an individual to the Database for
authentication;

"Tribunal" means the Appeal Tribunal established by section 46;

"verification" means the process by which the accuracy of
information received by the Authority is established by
comparing the information received with reliable documents or other information.

**Objects of Act.**

3. The objects of this Act are to *inter alia* –

(a) establish a body to be called the National Identification and Registration Authority for the promotion, establishment and regulation of a National Identification System that supports the enrolment and registration of all citizens and individuals who are ordinarily resident in Jamaica and the verification, and the authentication of their identity; and

(b) establish and develop the National Identification System consisting of -

(i) the Database;

(ii) the National Identification Number and provide for its uses; and

(iii) the National Identification Card or such other forms of identity documents and provide for their uses and characteristics.

**Application of Act.**

4. – (1) This Act applies to -

(a) all citizens of Jamaica; and

(b) individuals who are ordinarily resident in Jamaica.

(2) This Act applies to an individual to whom the Minister has conferred diplomatic immunities and privileges under the *Diplomatic Immunities and Privileges Act* or to whom immunities and privileges have been conferred under the *Technical Assistance Immunities and Privileges Act* as maybe specified in the regulations.

**PART II. National Identification and Registration Authority**

*Establishment and Functions*
5. — (1) There is established for the purposes of this Act, a body to be called the National Identification and Registration Authority which shall be a body corporate to which section 28 of the *Interpretation Act* applies.

Second Schedule.

(2) The provisions of the Second Schedule shall have effect in relation to the Authority.

Functions of Authority.

6. — (1) The functions of the Authority shall be to -

(a) administer the National Identification System as it considers appropriate;

(b) establish and develop a national database by the collection and collation of identity information and demographic information regarding registrable individuals;

(c) establish and maintain an improved and modernized system of registration of registrable individuals and keep public records through appropriate means;

(d) develop appropriate systems and protocols for the security, secrecy and necessary safeguards for the protection and confidentiality of identity information and demographic information in the Database;

(e) develop policies, procedures and protocols for the collection, processing, use and sharing of information contained in the Database consistent with data protection best practices;

(f) provide information or advice, or make proposals, to the Minister on matters relating to the functions of the Authority;

(g) develop public education programmes, monitor and promote compliance with this Act and the regulations; and

(h) perform such other functions as may be assigned to the
Authority by the Minister by or under this Act or any other enactment.

(2) In performing the functions specified in subsection (1), the Authority may -

(a) institute measures for the promotion of compliance with this Act;

(b) design and develop systems and procedures which allow for ease and convenience in the enrolment of individuals;

(c) introduce cost recovery measures for services provided by or on behalf of the Authority;

(d) establish procedures and develop, implement and monitor plans and programmes relating to the administration of the National Identification System;

(e) conduct seminars and provide appropriate training programmes and consulting services and gather and disseminate information relating to the National Identification System; and

(f) do anything or enter into any arrangement which, in the opinion of the Authority, is necessary to ensure the proper performance of its functions.

(3) The Authority shall manage its human, material and financial resources in keeping with modern standards and practices of sound financial management and good corporate governance.

(4) The Authority may contract the services of one or more providers of goods or services to establish and maintain the Database and to perform any other functions.

7. — (1) The Minister may, after consultation with the Chairman, give to the Authority, directions of a general character as to the policy to be
followed by the Authority in the exercise and performance of its functions as appear to the Minister to be necessary in the public interest.

(2) The Authority shall give effect to the directions given by the Minister under subsection (1).

8. – (1) In the exercise of its functions, the Authority shall cooperate with other public bodies in the implementation of this Act.

(2) Public bodies shall accord to the Authority such assistance as may be necessary to ensure the proper discharge of the functions of the Authority.

Board of Management

9. – (1) For the purposes of this Act, there is established a Board of Management of the Authority.

First Schedule.

10. – (1) Subject to this Act, the Board is responsible for overseeing the general administration of the Authority.

(2) The Board shall –

(a) establish policies and procedures for -

(i) the creation, management, maintenance and operation of the National Identification System;

(ii) the enrolment of registrable individuals;

(iii) the generation and assignment of a unique National Identification Number to every newborn and every individual enrolled under this Act;

(iv) the issue of National Identification Cards to registered individuals over the age of six years;

(v) the harmonization and incorporation into the Database of information from other databases kept by
public bodies;

(vi) the collation and reproduction of information obtained under this Act as may be required, from time to time;

(vii) the preservation, protection and security of all information or data collected, obtained, maintained or stored in the Database;

(viii) the promotion of the use of the National Identification Number and the National Identification Card by registered individuals in the conduct of their activities; and

(ix) on-going research on developments and best practices in identity management;

(b) ensure that the operations of the Authority are, where applicable, in conformity with -

(i) the Financial Administration and Audit Act and any Financial Instructions issued by the Financial Secretary under section 51 of that Act;

(ii) the Public Bodies Management and Accountability Act; and

(iii) any other law relevant to the management of public bodies;

(c) review, evaluate, approve and monitor the implementation by the Chief Executive Officer of its –

(i) corporate policies;

(ii) operational, strategic and other corporate plans; and

(iii) annual budget proposals and submissions;
(d) review, evaluate and approve the financial statements and major expenditure proposals of the Authority; and

(e) ensure, whether by way of meetings or otherwise, that the Minister and the Permanent Secretary are kept abreast of matters relating to the administration and management of the Authority, including any need for financial, human, technological and other resource requirements necessary for the achievement of performance targets.

(3) The Board may give directions to the Chief Executive Officer with regard to the management of the Authority.

(4) In the performance of its functions, the Board shall operate in a manner that maximizes the effective and efficient operation of the Authority.

(5) The Board—

(a) may establish policies on—

(i) human resource management, including a code of conduct and a system of performance based evaluation;

(ii) financial management;

(iii) employee benefits;

(iv) property management; and

(v) enterprise risk management;

(b) shall approve annual, quarterly and other reports of the Authority which are required by this or any other enactment to be submitted to the Minister or to Parliament;

(c) shall monitor the performance of the Authority in respect of its performance targets and service standards; and

(d) may request and receive from the Chief Executive Officer,
periodic or special reports in written or oral form, in respect of
the management of the Authority and the Chief Executive
Officer shall give effect to the request.

Administration of Authority

Appointment
of Chief
Executive
Officer.

11. (1) There shall be a Chief Executive Officer who shall be
responsible for the day-to-day administration and management of the
Authority.

(2) Subject to this Act, the Chief Executive Officer shall be
appointed by the Board after consultation with the Minister, subject to
section 13, at such remuneration and on such terms and conditions as
recommended by the Board.

(3) The Chief Executive Officer shall be a citizen of Jamaica
who the Minister considers to be a fit and proper individual for
appointment.

(4) In determining whether an individual is fit and proper to be
appointed as the Chief Executive Officer, regard shall be had as to
whether the individual -

(a) has adequate academic qualifications and technical, managerial
and leadership competencies and experience;

(b) is of good repute, having regard to his character, honesty and
integrity;

(c) is of sound and stable financial background; and

(d) has any business association with any person who, in the opinion
of the Minister, is not of good repute having regard to his
character, honesty and integrity.

Functions
of Chief
Executive
Officer.

12. The Chief Executive Officer shall be responsible for the efficient
and effective management of the Authority and shall-
(a) plan, direct, supervise and coordinate the activities of the Authority;

(b) manage the assets and property of the Authority;

(c) ensure that performance targets are met;

(d) maintain systems to promote and support compliance with this Act;

(e) submit annual and other budgets for approval by the Board;

(f) submit strategic, corporate and other plans for approval by the Board;

(g) submit internal regulations and policies for approval by the Board;

(h) submit annual, quarterly and other reports for approval by the Board;

(i) ensure that the Board is kept abreast of matters relevant to the administration and management of the Authority;

(j) exercise the functions conferred upon the Registrar-General under the Registration Births and Deaths Act and any other enactment; and

(k) perform such other functions as may be assigned to him by the Board.

13. — (1) For the proper carrying out of this Act, the Board, on the advice of the Chief Executive Officer, and subject to subsection (3), may appoint and employ Deputy Chief Executive Officers, at such remuneration and on such terms and conditions as the Board considers necessary.

(2) Subject to subsection (3) and the approval of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer may appoint and employ to any office in the
Authority, such other officers and employees, at such remuneration and on such terms and conditions as may be approved by the Board.

(3) Except with the prior approval of the Minister responsible for finance –

(a) no salary in excess of the prescribed rate shall be assigned to any officer; and

(b) no appointment shall be made to any office to which a salary in excess of the prescribed rate is assigned.

(4) For the purposes of subsection (3), the prescribed rate shall be such rate as the Minister responsible for the Public Service may prescribe, by order subject to affirmative resolution.

(5) The Governor-General may, subject to such conditions as he may impose, approve the appointment of any public officer in the service of the Government to any office within the Authority; and any officer so appointed shall while so employed, in relation to any pension, gratuity or other allowance and in relation to other rights as a public officer, be treated as continuing in the service of the government.

(6) The Chief Executive Officer shall consult with the Board in establishing the qualifications for the various offices within the Authority.

14. Every member of the Board and every person who is proposed to be appointed or employed to any office of the Authority shall, prior to and during their appointment or employment; be subject to such periodic security clearance and background check as may be prescribed in the regulations.

PART III. National Civil and Identification Database

Establishment of National

15. – (1) The Authority shall establish, maintain and operate in
accordance with this Act, a consolidated national databank to be known as the National Civil and Identification Database.

(2) The Authority may require that a registrable individual provides to the Authority any of the information listed in the Third Schedule as may be appropriate for entry into the database; and the registrable individual shall comply with the request of the Authority.

The objectives of the Database are to -

(a) provide a convenient method for individuals to prove identity information and demographic information about themselves to others who reasonably require proof of that information;

(b) provide a secure and reliable facility for ascertaining, recording, maintaining and preserving identity information and demographic information relating to individuals as is required to be entered into it;

(c) facilitate the generation and issuance of National Identification Cards and such other forms of identity documents, as required;

(d) enable the processing of information from external sources to facilitate the verification and authentication of the identity of registered individuals;

(e) enable the generation of statistical information as may be required; and

(f) enable the reproduction of identity information and demographic information in legible form as may be required from time to time.

The Authority may use the information in the Database solely for the following purposes –

(a) to enable the use of identity and demographic information as
unique and unambiguous features of identifying registrable individuals;

(b) to enable the use of the information contained in the Database to generate and issue the National Identification Card with a National Identification Number to registrable individuals;

(c) for compiling and reporting statistical information derived from analysing the information stored in the Database;

(d) to provide a medium for the verification and authentication of the identity of registered individuals; and

(e) to facilitate the provision of a secure and reliable method for ascertaining, obtaining, maintaining and preserving information on registered individuals.

Form of Database.

18. The Database may be kept, maintained and operated otherwise than in a legible form, subject to its being capable of being converted into a legible form and being used to make a legible copy or reproduction of any entry in the Database.

Changes to Database.

19. - (1) Where, after enrolment, any identity information or demographic information of a registered individual is found by an individual to be incomplete, incorrect, misleading or otherwise in need of updating, the individual shall apply to the Authority to correct or update the information.

(2) On receipt of any request under subsection (1), the Authority may, if it is satisfied as to the accuracy of the information so provided, make such alteration as may be required in the Database relating to the individual.

(3) The individual shall be advised of the action of the Authority to update the information or its refusal to update the information and the
reasons for the refusal.

(4) No identity information or demographic information in the Database shall be altered except in the manner provided in this Act or the regulations.

(5) An individual to whom a National Identification Card has been issued shall notify the Authority of-

(a) any change of circumstances that affects the information about that individual in the Database; and

(b) any substantive error in respect of the information in the Database that concerns that individual.

(6) The notification shall be given within a reasonable time-

(a) after the change in circumstance occurs; or

(b) after the individual becomes aware of the error.

(7) Where an individual, without reasonable cause, fails to comply with subsection (5), the Authority may revoke or cancel the National Identification Card.

**PART IV. Enrolment**

20. — (1) Every registrable individual shall apply to the Authority for enrolment in the Database.

(2) The Authority shall take such steps as may be necessary to enrol all registrable individuals in the Database.

(3) The Authority may collaborate with public and private sector entities as may be necessary to establish enrolment centres and to ensure ease of access by the registrable individuals to the enrolment centres.

(4) The form and manner of the application, the information to be collected and the procedures to be adopted for the conduct of enrolment shall be as specified in the regulations.
(5) The Authority shall, at the time of enrolment, inform the registrable individual of the following details in such manner as may be specified in the regulations, namely –

(a) the reason why the information is being collected;

(b) the purpose for which the information will be used;

(c) the fact that, and the manner in which, the information will be authenticated;

(d) the right of the individual to access the information in the future;

(e) the right to request the correction of inaccurate information registered in the Database;

(f) to whom and under what circumstances the information may be disclosed.

(6) (1) The authority shall take such steps as may be necessary to satisfy itself as to the accuracy of the identity information and demographic information provided by a registrable individual.

(2) No identity and demographic information about a registrable individual shall be entered into the database unless it has been verified and authenticated by the Authority.

Cancellation of enrolment.

21. - (1) Subject to subsection (3), the Authority may cancel the enrolment of an individual where it is shown that -

(a) there was misrepresentation or concealment of relevant facts by the individual;

(b) the individual was already enrolled; or

(c) documents tendered in the verification and authentication process are proved to have been forged or otherwise fraudulent.
(2) Subject to subsection (3), where a registered individual is not eligible for enrolment, the Authority shall cancel the enrolment of the individual and any National Identification Number assigned to the individual or any National Identification Card issued to him.

(3) Where the Authority proposes to cancel the enrolment of an individual under this section, the Authority shall so inform the individual in writing of the propose cancellation, stating the reason therefor and of the right of appeal conferred upon the individual by section 47.

22. The National Identification Number or the National Identification Card shall not confer any right of citizenship or by itself be proof of the domicile of a registered individual.

PART V. National Identification Number

23. The Authority shall, after entering a person’s identity information and demographic information in the Database, assign to that person a unique national identification number to be called the National Identification Number.

24.-(1) A National Identification Number shall be a random number that bears no relation to the identity of the individual to whom the National Identification Number is assigned.

(2) A National Identification Number that is assigned to an individual –

(a) shall be assigned permanently to the individual; and

(b) shall not be assigned or re-assigned to, or re-used by, any other individual during the lifetime, or after the death, of the individual.
(3) A National Identification Number shall provide no information in respect of a person other than that an entry in the Database has been made and that the entry has been given that number.

**PART VI. National Identification Card**

25. -(1) An individual is eligible for the issue of a National Identification Card if the Authority is satisfied that the individual has been enrolled and registered in the Database.

26. The Authority shall, subject to this Act, issue a National Identification Card to an applicant where the Authority is satisfied that -
   (a) the identity information of the individual has been verified and authenticated and entered in the Database; and
   (b) the individual is eligible for the issue or renewal of a National Identification Card.

27. -(1) A National Identification Card shall display the identity information pertaining to the individual to whom it has been issued as specified in the regulations.

   (2) A National Identification Card, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, shall be *prima facie* proof of the particulars contained in it.

   (3) The Authority shall determine the size, description, content and other physical features of a National Identification Card.

   (4) A National Identification Card that is issued to an individual may have parts of it in an encrypted form.

   (5) An individual to whom a National Identification Card has been issued shall ensure the safety and preservation of the card.

28. A National Identification Card may be used by a registered individual as a means of proving the registered individual's identity, as the individual may require.
29. - (1) A National Identification Card shall be valid for a period of five years commencing on the date of issuance of the National Identification Card unless it is -
(a) cancelled and surrendered under section 34;
(b) revoked under section 35; or
(c) returned to the Authority under section 36.
(2) A National Identification Card may be renewed for further periods, each not exceeding five years or such period as may be prescribed in the regulations.

30. A National Identification Card remains the property of the Authority.

31. The Authority shall not grant a National Identification Card retrospectively.

32. A National Identification Card issued under this Act shall not be transferable to another person.

33. The Authority shall keep a record of every National Identification Card issued under this Act.

34. – (1) The Authority may cancel a National Identification Card if it is satisfied that –
(a) the card was issued based on inaccurate or incomplete information;
(b) the National Identification Card was issued in error;
(c) the card has been stolen, damaged, destroyed or is lost;
(d) the card needs to be re-issued due to a defect or other tangible reason.
(2) An individual who is no longer ordinarily resident in
Jamaica shall surrender his National Identification Card to the Authority.

(3) Before cancelling a National Identification Card under subsection (1), the Authority shall notify the registered individual in writing of the proposed cancellation, stating the reasons for the proposed cancellation.

(4) Where an individual is notified of the cancellation of the National Identification Card under this section, the individual shall return the National Identification Card forthwith to the Authority.

(5) A person who fails to return to the Authority, a National Identification Card that has been cancelled under this section commits an offence shall be liable on conviction to the penalty specified in relation to that offence in the Fourth Schedule.

**Fourth Schedule.**

**Revocation of National Identification Card.**

35. — (1) The Authority may revoke a National Identification Card if it is satisfied that –

(a) the application for the National Identification Card contained a false or misleading information in a material particular;

(b) more than one National Identification Card has been issued to the same person;

(c) there has been an unauthorized modification of the information in the Database in respect of the holder of the card;

(d) the Minister, under the *Jamaican Nationality Act*, has deprived the individual of citizenship or the Minister has revoked leave to remain in the Island under the *Immigration Restriction (Commonwealth Citizens) Act*; or

(e) the Minister has caused a declaration of renunciation of citizenship of Jamaica under the *Jamaican Nationality Act* to
be registered in relation to the individual.

(2) Before revoking a National Identification Card under subsection (1), the Authority shall notify the registered individual in writing of the proposed cancellation, stating the reasons for the proposed revocation.

(3) Where an individual is notified of the revocation of the National Identification Card under this section, the individual shall return the National Identification Card forthwith to the Authority.

(4) A person who fails to return to the Authority a National Identification Card that has been revoked under this section commits an offence shall be liable on conviction to the penalty specified in relation to that offence in the Fourth Schedule.

**Fourth Schedule.**

**Return of National Identification Card.**

36. - (1) Where a person -

(a) finds a National Identification Card that had not been issued to that person by the Authority;

(b) comes into possession of a National Identification Card without the permission of the individual to whom it was issued or the Authority;

(c) regains possession of the original National Identification Card after reporting the Card as being lost or stolen and being issued a replacement card by the Authority; or

(d) comes into possession of a National Identification Card -

(i) that has expired;

(ii) that has been cancelled;

(iii) in contravention of the requirements of this Act or any other enactment; or

(iv) that is otherwise invalid,
that person shall return the card to the Authority as soon as practicable.

(2) A person who contravenes subsection (1) commits an
offence and shall be liable on conviction to the penalty specified in
relation to that offence in the Fourth Schedule.

Fourth Schedule.

Replacement of National Identification Card.

37. - (1) An individual to whom a National Identification Card is
issued shall, as soon as practicable, notify the Authority in the
circumstances set out in subsection (2).

(2) The circumstances are where the individual has reasonable
cause to suspect that the National Identification Card -

(a) is lost;

(b) has been stolen;

(c) has been damaged;

(d) has been tampered with; or

(e) has been destroyed.

(3) After being notified of any of the circumstances set out in
subsection (2) the Authority shall inform the police.

(4) The Authority shall require the holder to make a declaration
under the Voluntary Declarations Act setting out the circumstances of
the loss, theft, damage, interference or destruction of the identity card.

(5) The Authority may replace the National Identification Card
if it considers it appropriate to do so.

(6) For the purpose of this section -

(a) a National Identification Card is damaged where the damage
affects anything in or on the card and renders it unusable or
unreadable; and

(b) a National Identification Card has been tampered with if
information in or on the card has been modified, copied, deleted
38. (1) The Authority may require a person to provide information of which that person is in possession or has knowledge that can be used to verify -

(a) an entry in the Database;

(b) information provided to the Authority to be entered in the Database.

(2) The Authority may, on its own initiative investigate suspected breaches of the provisions of this Act.

Authentication

39. - (1) The Authority shall authenticate -

(a) the validity of a National Identification Number;

(b) the validity of a National Identification Card;

(c) the identity information and demographic information of a registered individual,

as the Authority may require from time to time in order to ensure the accuracy of information in the Database about a registered individual or at the request of a requesting entity, subject to such conditions and on payment of such fees and in such manner as may be specified in the regulations.

(2) A requesting entity shall ensure that the identity information and demographic information of an individual is only used for the purposes of verifying the identity of the individual as permitted by this Act or by any other enactment.

(3) A requesting entity shall provide the individual submitting his identity information and demographic information to that requesting entity for authentication, with the following details, namely -
(b) the uses to which the information received during authentication may be put by the requesting entity.

(4) The Authority shall respond to an authentication query with a positive, negative or any other appropriate response, but shall not provide any core biometric information about the individual concerned.

40. - (1) The Authority shall maintain authentication records in such manner and for such period as may be specified in the regulations.

(2) Every person to whom a National Identification Number is assigned shall be entitled to obtain his authentication record in such manner as may be specified in the regulations.

PART VII. Facilitation of Delivery of Goods or Services

41. - (1) A public body shall require that a registered individual submit the National Identification Number assigned to him or the National Identification Card issued to him to facilitate the delivery to him of goods or services provided by the public body; and the registered individual shall comply with the request.

(2) A private sector entity may require that a registered individual submit the National Identification Number assigned to him or the National Identification Card issued to him to facilitate the delivery to him of goods or services provided by the private sector entity; and the registered individual shall comply with the request.

PART VIII. Protection of Information

42. - (1) The Authority shall ensure the security and confidentiality of identity information and demographic information and authentication records of individuals.

(2) The Authority shall take all necessary measures to ensure that the information in the possession or control of the Authority, including
information stored in the Database, is secured and protected against access, use or disclosure not permitted under this Act or the regulations, and against accidental or intentional destruction, loss or damage.

(3) Without prejudice to subsection (1), the Authority shall -

(a) adopt and implement appropriate technological and manual security measures;

(b) ensure that the agencies, consultants, advisors or other individuals appointed to, or engaged by, the Authority to perform any of its functions under this Act, implement appropriate technical and organisational security measures; and

(c) ensure that the agreements or arrangements entered into with such agencies, consultants, advisors or other individuals, impose obligations equivalent to those imposed on the Authority under this Act, and require such agencies, consultants, advisors and other individuals to act only on instructions from the Authority.

Restriction on sharing of core biometric information.

43. - (1) Core biometric information that is collected or created under this Act -

(a) shall not be shared other than as may be permitted under this Act; and

(b) shall not be used for any purpose other than the purposes set out under this Act.

(2) The identity information, other than core biometric information, collected under this Act may be shared only in accordance with the provisions of this Act and in such manner as may be specified in the regulations.

Disclosure of information in certain cases.

44. The Authority shall not disclose identity information stored in the Database about any individual to a third party or public entity, except
where identity information is disclosed pursuant to -

(a) the request of the individual whose information is being disclosed;

(b) identification of the bodies of unknown deceased persons;

(c) identification missing individuals

(d) an order of the Court under section 45; or

(e) where the Act authorises the disclosure.

Disclosure of core biometric information.

45. — (1) Subject to subsection (2), where access to core biometric information in the Database is reasonably required for the purpose of a criminal investigation or criminal proceedings, an officer not below the rank of Superintendent of Police may apply to a court for an order authorizing the Authority to disclose the core biometric information to the officer.

(2) Where the investigation or criminal proceedings involves an offence specified in the Fourth Schedule, the application shall be made ex parte to a Judge in Chambers.

(3) A Judge shall not make the order under this section unless he is satisfied that -

(a) it is necessary in the interests of national security or for the investigation of a criminal offence;

(b) other investigative procedures –

(i) have not been or are unlikely to be successful in attaining the information sought to be acquired;

(ii) are too dangerous to adopt in the circumstances;

(iii) having regard to the urgency of the case, are
impracticable; and

(c) it would be in the best interest in the administration of justice to make the order.

(4) An application for an order under this section shall be in writing and be accompanied by an affidavit deposing to the following matters -

(a) the name of the officer;

(b) the facts or allegations giving rise to the application;

(c) sufficient information for a Judge to make the order under this section.

(5) Biometric information acquired by means of an order under this section shall be dealt with in accordance with section 4A and 4B of the *Fingerprints Act*.

**PART IX. Appeal**

**Establishment of Appeal Tribunal.**

46. — (1) There is established, for the purpose of hearing appeals from the decisions of the Authority, a tribunal to be called the Appeal Tribunal (hereinafter referred to as “the Tribunal”).

**Fifth Schedule.**

(2) The Fifth Schedule shall have effect in relation to the Tribunal.

**Appeals to Tribunal.**

47. - (1) A person who is aggrieved by a decision of the Authority in respect of a matter under this Act may appeal to the Tribunal by way of a notice of appeal within twenty-eight days of the date of the decision or within such longer period as the Tribunal may, in any special circumstance, allow.

(2) The notice of appeal shall set out clearly the grounds of the
appeal and shall be accompanied by copies of any document relevant to the appeal.

(3) A copy of the notice of appeal together with copies of any document shall be served on the Authority.

(4) The Tribunal shall, within seven days of the receipt of a notice of appeal under subsection (1), request the Authority to furnish, within seven days, a statement in writing setting out the reasons for its decision.

(5) The Tribunal may order that any document relating to the appeal which is in the possession of the Authority or the appellant be produced at the hearing of the appeal.

(6) The Tribunal shall cause all parties to the appeal to be informed –

(a) of the date of the hearing of the appeal;

(b) that they may appear themselves or be represented by their attorney-at-law; and

(c) that they may summon witnesses in their cause.

(7) On hearing an appeal under this section, the Tribunal may –

(a) dismiss the appeal and confirm the decision of the Authority;

(b) allow the appeal and set aside the decision;

(c) vary the decision;

(d) direct that the matter be referred to the Authority; or

(e) make such order as to costs and fees as it deems necessary.

PART X. Offences and Penalties

48. - (1) An individual shall not present a National Identification Card issued to another individual with the intention of being identified
as that individual.

(2) An individual shall not use an identification card for impersonating or attempting to impersonate a registered individual or allow or induce another person to use an identification card to impersonate a registered individual.

(3) An individual shall not impersonate or attempt to impersonate another individual by providing false identity information or demographic information.

(4) An individual who contravenes subsection (1), (2) or (3) commits an offence and is liable to the penalty specified in relation to the offence in the Fourth Schedule.

Fourth Schedule.

Offence of unlawfully collecting identity information or demographic information.

49. – (1) A person shall not collect or attempt to collect identity information or demographic information when not authorized to do so.

(2) A person who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and is liable to the penalty specified in relation to the offence in the Fourth Schedule.

Offences relating to the Authority.

50. - (1) A person shall not wilfully deceive the Authority by providing false information to the Authority.

(2) A person shall not wilfully obstruct or impede the Authority in the exercise of the Authority’s functions.

(3) A person who contravenes subsection (1) or (2) commits an offence and is liable to the penalty specified in relation to the offence in the Fourth Schedule.

Offence of manufacturing, etc. National Identification Card.

51. - (1) Subject to this Act, a person shall not make, produce, manufacture, print, bind, design or distribute any document, purporting that the document is a National Identification Card.

(2) A person commits an offence if the person -
(a) makes, produces, manufactures, prints, binds, designs or distributes any document purporting that the document is a National Identification Card;

(b) uses any equipment or apparatus to produce a document purporting that the document is a National Identification Card.

(3) A person who is convicted under this section shall surrender the equipment and material that was used to commit the offence.

(4) A person who contravenes subsection (1) or (2) commits an offence and is liable to the penalty specified in relation to the offence in the Fourth Schedule.

**Fourth Schedule.**

Offences relating to Database.

52. - (1) A person shall not, without lawful authority, intentionally -

(a) access the Database;

(b) download, copy or extract data from the Database;

(c) introduce, or attempt to introduce, or cause to be introduced, any virus or other computer contaminant in the Database;

(d) cause damage or attempt to cause damage to the Database;

(e) disrupt or attempt to disrupt the proper functioning of the Database;

(f) disclose, use or display information in the Database, or assist any person to do so; or

(g) destroy, delete or alter, or attempt to destroy, delete, or alter any information stored in the Database.

(2) A person who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and is liable to the penalty specified in relation to the offence in the Fourth Schedule.

Enrolment and registration offences.

53. - (1) An individual who, for the purposes of this Act -
(a) provides false information or makes a false statement when
   (i) providing information for an entry;
   (ii) making a modification to an entry;
   (iii) making a confirmation of the content of an entry; or
   (iv) obtaining the issue or re-issue of a National Identification Card;
(b) fraudulently obtains for the use of that individual, or for the use
    of another individual, a National Identification Card;
(c) forges an identity document for the purpose of enrolment and
    registration;
(d) unduly influences the decision of an officer of the Authority;
(e) enrolls or registers or attempts to enrol or register more than
    once in the Database;
(f) falsely alleges the loss or destruction of that individual’s
    National Identification Card and applies for a new card while in
    possession of a National Identification Card;
(g) tampers with the Database by –
    (i) causing an unauthorized modification of information to
        be made to an entry in the Database; or
    (ii) preventing or delaying the retrieval of relevant
        information in a legible form from a computer used for
        the purposes of this Act,
    commits an offence and is liable to the penalty specified in relation to

**Fourth Schedule.** the offence in the Fourth Schedule.

(2) For the purpose of this section, an individual provides false
information if at the time of the provision of the information the
individual -
Offences relating to National Identification Card.

54. (1) A person commits an offence if the person -

(a) wilfully destroys or attempts to destroy a National Identification Card;

(b) mutilates or attempts to mutilate a National Identification Card;

(c) without authority deprives or dispossesses a holder of that holder’s National Identification Card;

(d) uses a National Identification Card other than the National Identification Card issued for that individual’s use;

(e) takes or keeps possession of -

(i) a National Identification Card in respect of which an alteration or erasure has been made; or

(ii) a National Identification Card that was improperly obtained;

(f) is in possession of more than one National Identification Card that is intended to show the individual’s identity; or

(g) permits another person to use a National Identification Card issued to another individual.

(2) A person shall not without reasonable cause take or keep possession of a National Identification Card -

(a) which is false or which that person knows to be false;

(b) which that person knows has been improperly obtained, or

(c) that belongs to another person.

(3) A person who contravenes subsection (1) or (2) commits an offence and is liable to the penalty specified in relation to the offence in

Fourth Schedule. the Fourth Schedule.
(4) For the purposes of this section, a National Identification Card is improperly obtained if false information was provided in relation to -

(i) the application for its issue; or

(ii) an application for its modification to the person who issued it or effected the modification.

PART XI. General

Obligation for secrecy.

55. — (1) Every person having an official duty or being employed in the administration of this Act shall regard and deal with as secret and confidential, all documents relating to the functions of the Authority.

(2) Every person who had an official duty or was employed in the administration of this Act shall maintain, after such duty or employment is terminated, the secrecy and confidentiality of all documents relating to the functions of the Authority.

(3) Any person to whom information is communicated under this Act shall regard and deal with such information as secret and confidential, except to the extent otherwise provided in any other law.

(4) Every person referred to in subsection (1), (2) or (3) having possession of or control over any information, who at any time communicates or attempts to communicate any such information to any person, otherwise than for the purposes of this Act or to any person, other than an authorized officer of the Authority or person at the direction of the court, commits an offence.

(5) A person who commits an offence under subsection (4) is liable to the penalty specified in relation to the offence in the Fourth Schedule.

(6) No obligation as to secrecy, confidentiality or other
restriction upon the disclosure of information imposed by any law or otherwise shall prevent the duly authorized officers of the Authority from disclosing information to the Chief Executive Officer for the purpose of assisting the Chief Executive Officer in the performance of his duties.

56. — (1) No civil or criminal action, suit or other proceedings for breach of confidentiality (including confidentiality arising from legal professional privilege) may be brought, nor any professional sanction for such breach may be taken against any person, who in good faith (under this Act or any other enactment) provides or transmits to the Authority information requested by the Authority or submits a report to the Authority.

(2) No suit or other proceedings may be brought or instituted personally against any officer of the Authority in respect of any lawful act done, or omission made, in good faith, in the course of carrying out this Act.

57. — (1) The Authority may, with the approval of the Minister, make regulations for the better carrying out of the objects and purposes of this Act and, in particular, but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, may make regulations relating to –

(a) the forms to be used in connection with any application, notice, certificate or other writing under this Act;

(b) the procedures and practices to be followed by the Authority in the collection, verification and authentication of information required for the enrolment and registration of individuals;

(c) the procedures and processes for the data storage, data management, security protocols and technological safeguards
for information stored in the Database;
(d) the procedure for the generation and issuance of the National Identification Number;
(e) procedures and processes for the manufacture, preparation and issue, surrender, cancellation and replacement of National Identification Cards;
(f) procedures for the collection and registration of changes to the identity information and demographic information of a registered individual and the entry of the changed information into the Database;
(g) the fees to be charged for the delivery of services;
(h) the registration and approval of and process for access to the Database;
(i) the preservation, custody and safekeeping of documents under this Act, including the archiving of the National Identification Numbers of deceased persons and other categories of individual in separate parts of the Database;
(j) any other matter required to be specified.

(2) Regulations made under subsection (1) shall be subject to affirmative resolution.

Minister may amend Schedules.

Fourth Schedule.

Review of Act by Parliamentary Committee.

58. The Minister may amend the Schedules to this Act (other than the custodial sentences set out in the Fourth Schedule).

59. - (1) This Act shall be reviewed, from time to time, by a committee of both Houses of Parliament appointed for the purpose.

(2) The first such review shall be conducted not later than three years after the appointed day.
Consequential amendments to other Acts.

60. - (1) The Minister may, by order, with effect from any date specified in the order, not being earlier than the appointed day, amend any law if he considers the amendment to be necessary for the carrying out of the functions under this Act.

(2) An order made under subsection (1) shall be subject to affirmative resolution.

Amendment of enactments and construction.

61. - (1) The enactments specified in the first column of the Sixth Schedule are amended in the manner specified respectively in relation to them in the second column of the Sixth Schedule.

(2) Each amendment shall be construed as one with the enactment specified in relation to the amendment.

PART XII. Transitional Provisions

Interpretation of Part XII.

62. In this Part, "former department" means the Registrar-General’s Department.

Transitional provisions, general.

63. - (1) With effect from the appointed day, there shall be transferred to and vested in the Authority, any assets, rights and liabilities of the former department.

(2) The Authority shall, in relation to any assets, rights and liabilities so transferred and vested, have every right, power, privilege, immunity or duty which immediately before the appointed day was capable of being enjoyed or performed by the former department.

(3) All pending legal proceedings and claims which, before the appointed day, were brought by or against the former department shall be continued or enforced by or against the Authority in the same manner as they would have been continued or enforced before the appointed day.

(4) On the appointed day, all references to the Registrar-General
in any enactment shall be construed as references to the Chief Executive Officer appointed under this Act.

64. (1) Subject to the provisions of this section, on the appointed day, all individuals holding permanent appointments to offices under the former department, shall be deemed to have been transferred on secondment to the service of the Authority for a period of six months or such longer period as the Board may determine.

(2) During the period of secondment to the Authority under subsection (1), an officer shall be employed on terms and conditions not less favourable (as may be determined by the Board) being terms and conditions that are no less favourable than those enjoyed by him in his substantive position, at the appointed day.

(3) An officer who is transferred on secondment pursuant to subsection (1) may be deployed in the public service on or before the expiration of the period referred to in subsection (1) on terms and conditions that are not less favourable than those enjoyed by the officer in his substantive position or be retired on the ground that his substantive position has been abolished by virtue of this section.

(4) Instead of accepting a transfer on secondment pursuant to subsection (1), an officer, may, within thirty days after the appointed day, by notice in writing given to the Chairman, elect to be retired on the ground that his substantive position has been abolished by virtue of this section.

(5) An officer on secondment under to subsection (1) may, during the period of secondment, by notice in writing given to the Chairman, elect -

(a) to be retired on the ground specified in subsection (4); or
(b) to apply for a post in the Authority.

(6) Where an officer on secondment pursuant to subsection (1) -

(a) has not elected to apply for a post under paragraph (b) of
subsection (5); or

(b) has not been accepted for appointment to the Authority,

he shall be treated as if he has elected to be retired in accordance with
paragraph (a) of subsection (5).

65. All individuals who, at the appointed day, held offices under the
former department under a contractual arrangement, shall from that day
be deemed to continue to hold, under the Authority, the like or similar
respective offices or employment on the same or no less favourable
terms as those they held, or similar offices, under the former department.

FIRST SCHEDULE
(Sections 2 and 9)

Board of the National Identification and
Registration Authority

Constitution of Board.

1. — (1) The Board shall consist of seventeen ex officio and appointed members.

(2) The ex officio members of the Board shall be -

(a) the Chief Executive Officer of the
Passport Immigration Citizenship
Agency;

(b) the Chief Education Officer;

(c) the Chief Medical Officer (Health); and

(d) the Director-General of the Statistical
Institute of Jamaica.

(3) The Chief Executive Officer shall attend
the meetings of the Board but shall not have voting
rights.

(4) Subject to this Act, the appointed
members of the Board shall be —

(a) a retired Judge of the Supreme Court or
an attorney-at-law of at least ten years standing;

(b) a senior public official in the Ministry responsible for education, designated by the Permanent Secretary, being a person who appears to the Permanent Secretary to have appropriate experience and expertise;

(c) a senior public official in the Ministry responsible for finance, designated by the Financial Secretary, being a person who appears to the Financial Secretary to have appropriate experience and expertise;

(d) a senior public official in the Ministry responsible for national security, designated by the Permanent Secretary, being a person who appears to the Permanent Secretary to have appropriate experience and expertise;

(e) a senior public official in the Office of the Prime Minister, designated by the Permanent Secretary, being a person who appears to the Permanent Secretary to have appropriate experience and expertise;

(f) a senior public official in the Ministry responsible for justice, designated by the Minister, being a person who appears to the Minister to have appropriate experience and expertise;

(g) a representative of a non-governmental organization;

(h) an individual who has demonstrated knowledge and experience in information and communication technology and
cyber-security;

(i) an individual who has demonstrated knowledge and experience in human resource management and public administration;

(j) an individual who has demonstrated knowledge and experience in financial management and accounting;

(k) an individual who has demonstrated knowledge and experience in matters relating to marketing and public relations; and

(l) a senior public official in the Ministry responsible for technology, designated by the Permanent Secretary, being a person who appears to the Permanent Secretary to have appropriate experience and expertise;

(m) one other person designated by the Minister.

(5) The appointed members of the Board shall be appointed by instrument in writing by the Minister.

2. - (1) The following individuals shall not be eligible to be appointed members of the Authority, that is to say a person who –

(a) is not a citizen of Jamaica;

(b) is under eighteen years of age;

(c) has been convicted of a felony or an act of corruption within the meaning of the Corruption Prevention Act;

(d) is a present or former member of the House of Representatives or the Senate;

(e) a present or former member of the Council of a Municipal Corporation, City Municipality or Town Municipality;
(f) has been diagnosed as having a mental disorder within the meaning of the Mental Health Act, becomes of unsound mind or permanently unable to perform his functions by reason of ill health;

(g) is an individual who is not a fit and proper person having regard to the criteria specified in paragraph 3.

(2) An individual shall not be appointed as a member of the Board unless the individual has forwarded to the Minister a voluntary declaration declaring that he is not ineligible for appointment under paragraph 2(1).

(3) An appointment made in contravention of this paragraph shall be void.

3. For the purposes of paragraph 2, an individual, whether in Jamaica or elsewhere, is a fit and proper person if –

(a) the individual -

(i) has not been convicted of an offence involving fraud, dishonesty or moral turpitude, or of an offence listed in the Second Schedule to the Proceeds of Crime Act, or an offence that is similar to any such offence in another jurisdiction; and

(ii) is not an undischarged bankrupt;

(b) the individual's employment record or any other information does not give the Prime Minister reasonable cause to believe that the individual carried out any act involving dishonesty, or any act involving impropriety that will interfere with his ability to fulfill his functions; and

(c) the individual is, in the opinion of the Prime Minister -
(i) an individual of sound probity, and is able to exercise competence, diligence and sound judgment in fulfilling his functions;

(ii) an individual who possesses the knowledge skills and experience which are necessary for the intended functions to be carried out by that an individual; and

(iii) an individual whose appointment will not raise an issue of conflict of interest or undue influence.

**Tenure of office.** 4. - (1) Subject to this Schedule, the appointment of every appointed member of the Board shall be evidenced by an instrument in writing.

    (2) The instrument shall specify the period of office of the member, which shall not exceed three years.

    (3) Every appointed member of the Board shall be eligible for re-appointment.

**Temporary appointments.** 5. The Minister may appoint any individual to act temporarily in the place of any appointed member of the Board, in the case of the absence or inability to act of the member, in keeping with the composition of the Board.

**Chairman and Deputy Chairman.** 6. - (1) The Minister shall appoint a Chairman and a Deputy Chairman from among the appointed members.

    (2) Where the Chairman is unable or unavailable to act, the Deputy Chairman may, with the approval of the Board, exercise the functions of the Chairman.

    (3) The Chairman shall preside at all meetings of the Board and, if at any meeting of the Board the Chairman is absent or unable to act, the
Deputy Chairman shall exercise the functions of the chairman, if the Deputy Chairman is present at the meeting and is able to so act.

(4) In the case of the Chairman and the Deputy Chairman being absent from or unable to act at any meeting, members of the Board present at the meeting and constituting a quorum shall elect from among themselves a member to act as Chairman in respect of that meeting.

7. If a member of the Board is, for whatever reason, unable to perform his functions as a member of the Board for a period in excess of three month, the Minister, may appoint a person to act in the place of the member, provided that the appointment shall be made in the manner and from among the individuals as would be required in the case of the substantive appointment.

8. – (1) On the application of any member, the Minister may grant leave of absence to the member.

(2) The Minister may direct a member to proceed on leave of absence if the member has been charged with an offence involving fraud, dishonesty or moral turpitude or of an offence listed in the Second Schedule to the *Proceeds of Crime Act* or an offence that is similar to any those offences in another jurisdiction.

9. - (1) The Chairman may, at any time, resign his office, as Chairman or as member of the Board, by instrument in writing addressed to the Minister.

(2) The resignation shall take effect as from the date of receipt by the Minister of the instrument.

(3) An appointed member other than the Chairman may, at any time, resign his office by instrument in writing addressed to the Minister and transmitted through the chairman.
(4) From the date of the receipt by the Minister of the instrument, the member shall cease to be a member of the Board.

10. The Minister may revoke the appointment of any member if the member –

(a) is unable to discharge the functions of his office (whether arising from infirmity of body or mind or any other cause);

(b) is convicted and sentenced to a term of imprisonment or to death;

(c) becomes bankrupt or compounds with, or suspends payment to, his creditors;

(d) becomes disqualified for appointment by virtue of paragraph 2;

(e) fails to discharge the functions of his office in a competent manner;

(f) fails to attend three consecutive meetings of the Board, or any of its committees, without reasonable excuse or explanation; or

(g) engages in such activities as are reasonably considered prejudicial to the interest of the Authority.

11. If a vacancy occurs in the membership of the Board, the vacancy shall be filled by the appointment of another member who shall, subject to this Schedule, hold office for the remainder of the period for which the previous member was appointed.

12. The names of the members of the Board as first constituted and every change in the membership of the Board shall be published in the Gazette.

13. – (1) The Board shall meet at such intervals as may be necessary or expedient for the transaction of
business; and the meetings shall be held at the places and times and on the days as the Board may determine.

(2) The Chairman –
(a) may call a special meeting of the Board at any time; and
(b) shall call a special meeting within seven days of the receipt of a written request for that purpose addressed to the Chairman by any three members of the Board.

(3) The quorum for meetings of the Board shall be seven.

(4) Decisions of the Board shall be by a majority of the members present and voting, however, in addition to an original vote, the Chairman, Deputy Chairman or other member presiding at a meeting shall have an original and a casting vote in any case in which the voting is equal.

(5) The minutes of each meeting of the Board shall be kept in proper form and shall be confirmed by the Chairman as soon as practicable at a subsequent meeting.

(6) The validity of the proceedings of the Board shall not be affected by a vacancy among the members of the Board or a defect in the appointment of a member of the Board.

(7) Subject to this Schedule, the Board may regulate its own proceedings.

14. – (1) The Board may appoint committees for special purposes connected with the functions of the Board and which, in the opinion of the Board, would be better regulated and managed by means of committees.

(2) The number of members of a committee appointed under subparagraph (1), the terms of appointment of the members, the quorum of the
committee and the areas within which the committees are to exercise authority shall be determined by the Board.

(3) Committees of the Board shall make recommendations to the full Board for its ratification and decision; and the decisions of a committee shall not be binding on Board.

(4) A committee shall not have the power to make rules.

**Invitees to meetings.**

15. - (1) The Board may, in its discretion, invite any person to attend any meeting of the Board for the purpose of assisting the Board in respect of any matter under its consideration.

(2) A person invited under sub-paragraph (1) may take part in the deliberations of the Board on that matter, but shall not be entitled to vote at any meeting of the Board.

**Disclosure of interest.**

16. - (1) A member who is, in any way, directly or indirectly interested in a contract made or proposed to be made by the Board, in any other matter which falls to be considered by the Board, shall -

(a) as soon as possible after the relevant facts have come to his knowledge, disclose or cause to be disclosed the nature of his interest at a meeting of the Board; and

(b) not be present during the deliberation of the Board on the matter or take part in the decision of the Board in relation to the matter under discussion.

(2) The disclosure shall be recorded in the minutes of the meeting.

(3) The member shall not –

(a) in the case of a contract, take part in any deliberation or decision of the Board with respect to the contract; and
(b) in the case of any other matter, take part in any deliberation or decision of the Board with respect to the matter, if the Board decides that the interest in question might affect prejudicially the member’s consideration of the matter.

(4) A notice given by a member at a meeting of the Board to the effect that he is a member of a specific company, firm or other body and that he is to be regarded as interested in any contract which is to be made with the company, firm or body after the date of the notice shall, for the purposes of sub-paragraph (1), be a sufficient disclosure of his interest in relation to any contract so made.

(5) A member need not attend in person a meeting of the Board in order to make a disclosure which he is required to make under this paragraph, if he takes reasonable steps to ensure that the disclosure is made by notice in writing to the Board.

17. — (1) A member of the Board shall not be personally liable for any act or default of the Board done or omitted to be done in good faith in the course of the operations of the Board.

(2) Where a member of the Board is exempt from liability by reason only of this paragraph, the Board shall be liable to the extent that it would be if the member were a servant or agent of the Board.

18. There shall be paid to the Chairman, Deputy Chairman and other members of the Board such remuneration (whether by way of honorarium, salaries or fees) and such allowances, as the Minister responsible for the public service may determine.

19. Any summons, notice or other document
required or authorized to be served upon the Board under this Act or any other enactment may, unless there is express provision to the contrary, be served by delivering the summons, notice or other document to the Chairman or Secretary of the Board, or by sending it by registered post addressed to the secretary of the Board at the principal office of the Authority.

20. The office of the Chairman of the Board, a member of the Board or a member of a committee of the Board shall not be a public office for the purpose of Chapter V of the Constitution of Jamaica.

SECOND SCHEDULE  (Section 5(2))

National Identification and Registration Authority

Financial Provisions

1. - (1) The funds and resources of the Authority shall consist of—

   (a) such sums as may, from time to time, be placed at the disposal of the Authority by Parliament; and

   (b) all other sums and other property which may, in any manner, become vested in the Authority.

   (2) The expenses of the Authority, including the remuneration of officers and employees, shall be paid out of the funds of the Authority.

2. All moneys of the Authority not immediately required to be expended for the purpose of meeting any of the obligations or discharging any of the functions of the Authority may be invested in such securities or other investment as may be approved, either specifically or generally, by the Minister responsible for finance; and the Authority may, with
the approval of the Minister, sell any or all of the securities or other investment.

3. - (1) The Chief Executive Officer, under the direction of the Board, shall be responsible for the preparation, control and management of the capital and recurrent budgets of the Authority.

(2) The capital and recurrent budgets of the Authority shall be prepared in respect of periods of three years and funds shall be committed by the Minister for allocation to the Authority, in respect of those periods.

(3) The annual allocation of funds in respect of the capital and recurrent budgets of the Authority shall each take the form of a single sum committed for each financial year.

(4) The Chief Executive Officer, in consultation with the Deputy, Chief Executive Officers shall identify the capital and recurrent expenditure priorities of the Authority, from time to time, and allocate the available funds in accordance with the priorities.

4. - (1) The income of the Authority shall be exempt from income tax.

(2) The Authority shall be exempt from liability to stamp duty in respect of any instrument executed by it or on its behalf.

(3) The Authority shall be exempt from taxation under the Transfer Tax Act, on any transfer by or to the Authority of any property belonging to it or of any right or interest created in, over or otherwise with respect to the property.

(4) No customs duty or other similar impost (other than general consumption tax) shall be payable upon any article imported into Jamaica, or taken out of bond in Jamaica, by the Authority, and shown to the satisfaction of the Commissioner of
5. - (1) The Authority shall keep proper accounts and other records in relation to its business, and shall prepare annually, statements of account in a form satisfactory to the Minister, being a form which shall conform with established accounting principles and with the requirements of any enactment governing the accounts of public bodies.

(2) Notwithstanding the requirements of the *Public Bodies Management and Accountability Act*, the external audit of the accounts of the Authority shall be conducted by the Auditor-General.

(3) The members of the Board and the officers and employees of the Authority shall -

(a) grant to the auditor appointed under paragraph (2), access to all books or other documents, cash and securities of the Authority; and

(b) give to the auditor, upon request, all such information as may be within their knowledge in relation to the business of the Authority.

(4) The auditor's fee and any expenses of the audit shall be paid by the Authority.

(5) The Auditor-General shall be entitled at all reasonable times to examine the accounts and other records of the Authority in relation to the business of the Authority.

6. The Authority shall, not later than the 30th day of November in each year, submit to the Minister responsible for finance and the Minister, for his approval a corporate plan, an operating plan, and estimates of revenue and expenditure, for the ensuing financial year.
7. - (1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (2), the borrowing Authority may borrow such sums as may be required by it for meeting any of its obligations or discharging any of its functions.

    (2) The power of the Authority to borrow shall, as to amount, as to the source of borrowing, and as to the terms on which the borrowing may be effected, be exercisable only with the approval of the Minister responsible for finance; and any approval given in any respects for the purposes of this subsection may be either general or limited to a particular borrowing or otherwise and may be either unconditional or subject to conditions.

8. Without prejudice to any other method of recovery, all debts due to the Authority may be recovered in the Parish Court as a civil debt, notwithstanding any limitation as to the amount recoverable under the *Judicature (Parish Court) Act*.

9. The Authority shall furnish the Minister with such returns, accounts and other information as he may require with respect to the activities of the Authority and afford him facilities for verifying the information in such manner and at such time as he may reasonably require.

10. - (1) The Authority shall prepare in the prescribed form and submit to the Minister responsible for finance and the Minister a quarterly, half-yearly and an annual report in accordance with the *Public Bodies Management and Accountability Act*.

    (2) A copy of the annual report and audited financial statements of the Authority, approved by the Board, shall be submitted, no later than four months after the end of each financial year, to the
Minister, who shall cause the annual report and audited financial statements to be laid on the Table of the House of Representatives and of the Senate.

Seal and Execution of Documents

11. — (1) The seal of the Authority shall be -
(a) kept in the custody of the chairman or the secretary of the Board; and
(b) authenticated by the signatures of the chairman or any other member of the Authority authorized to act in that behalf by the Authority, and the secretary of the Board.

(2) All documents (other than those required by law to be under seal) made by, and all decisions of, the Authority may be signified under the hand of the chairman or any member authorized to act in that behalf or the secretary of the Board.

THIRD SCHEDULE (Section 15)

Contents of Database

The following registrable particulars relating to an individual shall be included in the Database where available:

A. Identity Information:

1. The full names (including any name by which the individual is or has been known including where name formally changed by deed poll).

2. The date and time of birth of the individual.

3. The place (town, district and parish) of birth of the individual.

4. The full names of parent or parents or guardian (maiden name of mother to be included) if known (including birth parents and adoptive parents where relevant. In the case of adoptive parents, the name of birth parent(s) is to be restricted information)

5. The sex of the individual.

6. The principal place of residence and any occasional places of residence of the individual.
7. The mailing address of the individual.
8. The race of the individual.
9. The religion of the individual
10. The occupation of the individual.
11. The nationality of the individual.
12. The period of residence in Jamaica in the case of individuals who are not citizens of Jamaica.
13. The current employer of the individual.
14. The marital status and full names of spouse (including common law unions) of the individual.
15. The date and place of marriage of the individual.
16. The address of matrimonial home of the individual.
17. The date of grant of decree absolute of the individual.
18. The date of death and age of the individual at the date of death.
19. The place (district, parish, country) of death of the individual.
20. The address for receipt of electronic mail of the individual.
21. The telephone number at which the individual can be reached.
22. The photograph of the individual.
23. The facial image of the individual.
24. The manual signature of the individual over the age of 18 years.
25. The fingerprint of the individual.
26. The palm print of the individual.
27. The toe print of the individual.
28. The footprint of the individual.
29. The iris or retina scan of the individual.
30. The blood type of the individual.
31. The height of the individual.
32. The eye colour of the individual.
33. Any distinguishing physical feature of the individual.

B. Reference numbers:
1. The Taxpayer Registration Number of the individual.
2. The driver’s licence number of the individual.
3. The passport number of the individual.
4. The national insurance number of the individual.
5. The birth entry number of the individual.
6. The PATH registration number of the individual.
7. The National Identification Number of the individual.
8. The Elector Identification Number of the individual.

C. **Registrarial History:**
1. Particulars of each National Identification Card issued.
2. Particulars of each cancelled National Identification Card.
3. Particulars of returned National Identification Card (due to renunciation or termination of Jamaican citizenship).
4. Particulars of the disclosure of any identity information about a registered individual to a third party and the purpose for which the information was requested.

D. **Operational Information:**
Information of a technical nature necessary for the administration of the Database

**FOURTH SCHEDULE**
(Sections 34, 35, 36, 45, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55 and 58)

**Offences and Penalties**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column 1</th>
<th>Column 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Section</td>
<td>Offence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Failure to return a National Identification Card that has been cancelled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34(5)</td>
<td>1. On conviction on indictment in a Circuit Court, to a fine not exceeding one million dollars or imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Failure to return a National Identification Card that has been revoked.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35(4)</td>
<td>2. On conviction on indictment in a Circuit Court, to a fine not exceeding one million dollars or imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
36(2) Failure to return the National Identification Card to the Authority as soon as practicable, where the person—

(a) finds a National Identification Card that had not been issued to that person by the Authority;

(b) comes into possession of one without the permission of the individual to whom it was issued or the Authority;

(c) regains possession of the original National Identification Card after reporting the Card as being lost and being issued a replacement card by the Authority; or

(d) comes into possession of a National Identification Card -
(i) that has expired;
(ii) that has been cancelled;
(iii) in contravention of the requirements of this Act or any other enactment; or
(iv) that is otherwise invalid.

48(4) Using identification card for impersonating or attempting to impersonate a registered individual or allow or induce another person to use an identification card to impersonate a registered individual.

Impersonating or attempting to impersonate another individual by providing false demographic or biometric information.

1. On summary conviction in a Parish Court, to a fine not exceeding five hundred thousand dollars.

2. On conviction on indictment in a Circuit Court, to a fine not exceeding one million dollars or imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year.
49(2) Collecting or attempting to collect identity information when not authorized to do so.  
1. On summary conviction in a Parish Court, to a fine not exceeding five hundred thousand dollars.

2. On conviction on indictment in a Circuit Court, to a fine not exceeding one million dollars or imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year.

50(3) Wilfully obstructing or impeding the Authority in the exercise of the Authority’s functions.  
1. On summary conviction in a Parish Court, to a fine not exceeding five hundred thousand dollars.

2. On conviction on indictment in a Circuit Court, to a fine not exceeding one million dollars or imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year.

51(4) Intent to make, produce, manufacture, print, bind, design, distribute any document purporting that document to be a National Identification Card.  
1. On summary conviction in a Parish Court, to a fine not exceeding five hundred thousand dollars.

2. On conviction on indictment in a Circuit Court, to a fine not exceeding one million dollars or imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year.

52(2) Without lawful authority, intentionally -  
1. On summary conviction in a Parish Court, to a fine not exceeding five hundred thousand dollars.

(a) accessing the Database;  
(b) downloading, copying or extracting data from the Database;  
(c) introducing or attempting to introduce or cause to be introduced any virus or other computer contaminant in the Database;  
(d) causing damage or attempting to cause damage to the Database;  
(e) disrupting or attempting to disrupt the proper functioning of the Database;  
(f) disclosing, using or displaying information in the Database or assist any person to do so; or  
(g) destroying, deleting or
altering or attempting to do so any information stored in the Database.

53(1)(a) Providing false information or makes a false statement when -
(a) providing information for an entry;
(b) making a modification to an entry;
(c) making a confirmation of the content of an entry; or
(d) obtaining the issue or re-issue of a National Identification Card.

53(1)(b) Fraudulently obtains for the use of that individual or for the use of another individual, a National Identification Card.

53(1)(c) Forging an identity document for the purpose of registration.

1. On summary conviction in a Parish Court, to a fine not exceeding five hundred thousand dollars.

2. On conviction on indictment in a Circuit Court, to a fine not exceeding one million dollars or imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year.

53(1)(d) Illegally influencing the decision of a registration officer.

1. On summary conviction in a Parish Court, to a fine not exceeding five hundred thousand dollars.

2. On conviction on indictment in a Circuit Court, to a fine not exceeding one million dollars or imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year.

53(1)(e) Engages in multiple registration

1. On summary conviction in a Parish Court, to a fine not exceeding five hundred thousand dollars.

2. On conviction on indictment in a Circuit Court, to a fine not exceeding one million dollars or imprisonment for a term
53(1)(f) Falsely alleges the loss or destruction of that individual's National Identification Card and applies for a new card while in possession of a National Identification Card.

54(3) Tampering with the Database by –
    (a) causing an unauthorized modification of information to be made to an entry recorded in the Database; or
    (b) preventing or delaying the retrieval of relevant information in a legible form from a computer used for the purposes of this Act.

54(3) Wilfully destroys or attempts to destroy a National Identification Card.

54(3) Mutilating or attempts to mutilate a National Identification Card.

54(3) Without authority depriving or dispossessing a holder of that holder's National Identification Card.
54(3) Using a National Identification Card other than the National Identification Card issued for that individual’s use.

1. On summary conviction in a Parish Court, to a fine not exceeding five hundred thousand dollars.

2. On conviction on indictment in a Circuit Court, to a fine not exceeding one million dollars or imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year.

54(3) Taking or keeping possession of:

(a) a National Identification Card in respect of which an alteration or erasure has been made;

(b) a National Identification Card that was improperly obtained.

1. On summary conviction in a Parish Court, to a fine not exceeding five hundred thousand dollars.

2. On conviction on indictment in a Circuit Court, to a fine not exceeding one million dollars or imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year.

54(3) Being in possession of more than one National Identification Card that is intended to show the individual’s identity.

1. On summary conviction in a Parish Court, to a fine not exceeding five hundred thousand dollars.

2. On conviction on indictment in a Circuit Court, to a fine not exceeding one million dollars or imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year.

54(3) Permitting another person to use a National Identification Card issued to another individual.

1. On summary conviction in a Parish Court, to a fine not exceeding five hundred thousand dollars.

2. On conviction on indictment in a Circuit Court, to a fine not exceeding one million dollars or imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year.

54(2) Without reasonable cause, taking or keeping possession of a National Identification Card -

(a) which is false or which that person knows to be false;

(b) which that person knows has been improperly obtained; or

(c) that belongs to another person.

1. On summary conviction in a Parish Court, to a fine not exceeding five hundred thousand dollars.

2. On conviction on indictment in a Circuit Court, to a fine not exceeding one million dollars or imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year.

55(5) Having possession of or control

1. On summary conviction in
over any information, book, record or other document, at any time communicating or attempting to communicate the information or anything contained in the book, record or document to any person, otherwise than for the purposes of this Act or to any person, other than an authorized officer of the Authority or person at the direction of the court.

2. On conviction on indictment in a Circuit Court, to a fine not exceeding one million dollars or imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year.

**FIFTH SCHEDULE** (Section 46)

*The NIRA Appeal Tribunal*

**Constitution of Appeal Tribunal.**

1. The Appeal Tribunal shall consist of two panels, each consisting -

   (a) two individuals each of whom has served as a Judge of the Court of Appeal or as a Judge of the Supreme Court, who shall be the chairman and deputy chairman of the Appeal Tribunal; and

   (b) one other attorney-at-law.

**Ineligibility for appointment.**

2. – (1) The following individuals shall not be eligible to be appointed members of the Appeal Tribunal, that is to say –

   (a) a member of the House of Representatives or the Senate;

   (b) a member of the Council of the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation or any Municipal Council or any Parish Council;

   (c) an individual who is not a fit and proper person within the meaning of paragraph 3; and

   (d) an undischarged bankrupt.

   (2) An individual shall not be appointed to the Appeal Tribunal unless the individual has forwarded to the Minister a voluntary declaration declaring that he is not ineligible for appointment
under paragraph 2 (l).

(3) An appointment made in contravention of this paragraph shall be void.

3. - (1) For the purposes of paragraph 2, an individual, whether in Jamaica or elsewhere, is fit and proper if –

(a) the individual -

   (i) has not been convicted of an offence involving fraud, dishonesty or moral turpitude or of an offence listed in the Second Schedule to the *Proceeds of Crime Act* or an offence that is similar to any such offence in another jurisdiction;

   (ii) is not an undischarged bankrupt; and

   (iii) is in compliance with any tax and other statutory requirements imposed on the individual;

(b) the individual's employment record or any other information does not give the Minister reasonable cause to believe that the individual carried out any act involving dishonesty or any act involving impropriety that will interfere with his ability to fulfill his functions; and

(c) the individual is, in the opinion of the Minister -

   (i) an individual of sound probity, and is able to exercise competence, diligence and sound judgment in fulfilling
his functions;

(ii) an individual who possesses the knowledge, skills and experience which are necessary for the intended functions to be carried out by that individual; and

(iii) an individual whose appointment will not raise an issue of conflict of interest or undue influence.

**Appointment.**

4. The members of the Appeal Tribunal shall be appointed by the Minister by instrument in writing.

**Temporary appointments.**

5. The Minister may appoint any individual to act temporarily in the place of any member of the Appeal Tribunal in the case of the absence or inability to act of such member in keeping with the composition of the Appeal Tribunal.

**Leave of absence.**

6. — (1) On the application of any member, the Minister may grant leave of absence to the member.

(2) The Minister may direct a member to proceed on leave of absence if the member has been charged of an offence involving fraud, dishonesty or moral turpitude or of an offence listed in the Second Schedule to the *Proceeds of Crime Act* or an offence that is similar to any such offence in another jurisdiction.

**Tenure of office.**

7. — (1) The members of the Appeal Tribunal shall hold office for a period of three years.

(2) Every member of the Appeal Tribunal shall be eligible for re-appointment.

**Resignation.**

8. — (1) The chairman may, at any time, resign his office by instrument in writing addressed to the Minister.
(2) The resignation shall take effect as from the date of receipt by the Minister of the instrument.

(3) A member other than the chairman may, at any time, resign his office by instrument in writing addressed to the Minister and transmitted through the chairman.

(4) From the date of the receipt by the Minister of such instrument, the member shall cease to be a member of the Appeal Tribunal.

9. The Minister may revoke the appointment of any member if the member –

(a) is unable to discharge the functions of his office (whether arising from infirmity of body or mind or any other cause);

(b) is convicted and sentenced to a term of imprisonment or to death;

(c) becomes bankrupt or compounds with, or suspends payment to, his creditors;

(d) becomes disqualified for appointment by virtue of paragraph 2;

(e) fails to discharge the functions of his office in a competent manner;

(f) engages in such activities as are reasonably considered prejudicial to the interest of the Appeal Tribunal.

10. The names of the members of the Appeal Tribunal as first constituted and every change in the membership of the Appeal Tribunal shall be published in the Gazette.

11. There shall be paid to the chairman, deputy chairman and other members of the Appeal Tribunal such remuneration (whether by way of honorarium, salaries or fees) and such allowances, as the Minister responsible for the public service may determine.
12. If any vacancy occurs in the membership of the Appeal Tribunal such vacancy shall be filled by the appointment of another member, however, the appointment shall be made in the same manner and from the same category of individuals as would be required in the case of the original appointment.

13. The office of chairman, deputy chairman or, member of the Appeal Tribunal shall not be a public office for the purpose of Part V of the Constitution of Jamaica.
### SIXTH SCHEDULE

**Amendment and Repeal of Acts**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Act</th>
<th>Amendment or Repeal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Access to Information Act</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Section 5</strong></td>
<td>Insert next after subsection (6) the following as subsection 6A –</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>“(6A) This Act does not apply to official documents held by the Authority established under the <em>National Identification and Registration Act</em>,”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Aliens Act</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Section 13</strong></td>
<td>Insert next after subsection (2) the following as subsection (3) -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>“(3) The Chief Immigration Officer shall furnish to the Authority for the purposes of the Database under the <em>National Identification and Registration Act</em> at such times and in such manner as may be prescribed, copies of all entries in the register or such of them as may be prescribed.”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Children (Adoption of) Act</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Appendix to Second Schedule</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Form A</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Insert next after paragraph 1 the following as paragraph 1A –</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>“1A. My National Identification Number is ;”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>In paragraph 4 insert immediately after the words “(or I am unmarried)” the following –</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>“(or I am married, my maiden name is name of adoptive mother to name of husband whose written consent to the making of the order is appended hereto).”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Form B</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Insert next after the entry “Occupation” the following –</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>“National Identification Number”.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cybercrimes Act</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Section 11(2)</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Delete the full stop appearing at the end of paragraph (e) and substitute therefor a semi-colon.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Insert next after paragraph (e) the following –</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>“(f) the National Civil and Identification Database established by section 15 of the <em>National Identification and Registration Act</em>. ”</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
DNA Evidence Act

Section 11

Insert next after subsection (2) the following as subsection (3) –

"(3) The Custodian may disclose information contained in the DNA Register to the Authority established under Section 5 of the National Identification and Registration Act at the request of the Authority solely for the purpose of verifying the identity of an individual.".

Forgery Act

Section 2

Insert next after the definition of “document of title to lands” the following definition –

“National Identification Card” means an identification card issued under section 26 of the National Identification and Registration Act;”.

Section 5

In subsection (2) –

(a) delete the full stop appearing at the end of paragraph (c) and substitute a semi-colon; and

(b) insert next after paragraph (c) the following as paragraphs (d) and (e) –

"(d) any document contained in the Database under the National Identification and Registration Act;

(e) any National Identification Card issued under the National Identification and Registration Act.”.

New section 6A

Insert next after section 6 the following –


6A. The forgery of an National Identification Card or the making by any person of a statement which is to his knowledge untrue for the purpose of procuring a National Identification Card, whether for himself or any other person, shall be a misdemeanour and punishable with imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years.”.

Immigration Restriction (Commonwealth Citizens) Act

Schedule

Immigration Restriction (Commonwealth Citizens) Regulations

FORMS

Insert immediately before the word “holding” the following –

“National Identification Number No. ................. issued by
the National Identification and Registration Authority”.

Jamaican Nationality Act

New section 12A

Insert next after section 12 the following as section 12A –

"Duty to furnish information to the National Identification and Registration Authority."

12A. The Minister shall cause copies of all entries in the register or such of them as may be prescribed to be furnished to the National Identification and Registration Authority for the purposes of the National Identification and Registration Act at such times and in such manner as may be prescribed.”.

Jamaican Nationality Regulations, 1962

Part III

Regulation 12

Insert immediately after the word “entered” the words “; and a notice shall be sent to the Authority established under Section 5 of the National Identification and Registration Act by the Chief Immigration Officer advising of the removal of his name from the Database”.

Third Schedule

Insert next after paragraph 4 the following as paragraph 5 –

"5. My National Identification Number is _______.

I do not have a National Identification Number.”.

Justice Protection Act

Section 13

1. Renumber the section as subsection (1) of the section.

2. In subsection (1), as renumbered, delete the words “Actions which may be taken” and substitute therefor the words “Subject to subsection (1), actions which may be taken”.

3. Insert next after subsection (1), as renumbered, the following as subsection (2) –

"(2) Where a person has been provided with a new identity or permitted to use an assumed name under this Act, the Administrative Centre shall give notice to the Authority established under Section 5 of the National Identification and Registration Act of that fact; and the notice shall be accorded a security classification not below “Top Secret”.”.

Section 17

Insert next after subsection (6) the following as subsections (7) and (8) –

"(7) Where the Administrative Centre decides to restore the identity of a former participant, the Administrative Centre shall give notice to the Authority established under Section 5 of the National Identification and Registration Act; and the notice shall be accorded a security classification not below “Top Secret”.

(8) Upon receipt of a notice under subsection (2), the
National Identification and Registration Authority shall ensure that the assumed name is expunged from its records.

Law Reform (Fraudulent Transactions) (Special Provisions) Act

Section 2 In the definition of “access device”, insert immediately after the words “means any, the words “National Identification Number issued under the National Identification and Registration Act,”.

Section 10(3)(b) Insert immediately after the words “social security number,” the words “National Identification Card issued under the National Identification and Registration Act”.

Marriage Act Insert next after section 71 the following as section 71A -

“Regulations. 71A. The Minister may make regulations in order to give effect to the purposes of this Act.”

Matrimonial Causes Act

Section 12 Insert next after subsection (2) the following -

“(3) Where a decree of dissolution or nullity of marriage has been made absolute the Registrar of the Supreme Court shall transmit a copy of the decree to the Registrar-General established under the Registration of Births and Deaths Act.”

Passport Act

Section 3 Insert next after subsection (3) the following -

“(4) Every Jamaican passport shall include the national identification number of the holder of the passport.

(5) In this Act, National Identification Number means the National Identification Number assigned under the National Identification and Registration Authority Act.”

Passport Regulations, 1962

Paragraph 14 1. In subparagraph (2), insert immediately after the word “nationality” the words “, the National Identification Number assigned under the National Identification and Registration Authority Act”.

2. In subparagraph (6)(b), insert immediately after the words “date of birth,” the words “the National Identification Number assigned under the National Identification and Registration Authority Act,”.

Proceeds of Crime Act delete the words at section 120(2)(c) and replace with the following words -

“the individual’s taxpayer registration number and the individual’s National Identification Number”.
Section 120(2)(c)
Registration (Births and Deaths) Act

Section 2
Insert in the appropriate alphabetical sequence the following definitions –

"Database" means the National Civil and Identification Database established by section 15 of the National Identification and Registration Authority Act;

"National Identification Number" means an identification number assigned to an individual under section 23 of the National Identification and Registration Authority Act;".

Section 9
Repeal the section.

Section 11
Insert next after subsection (2), the following as subsections (3) and (4) –

" (3) For the purposes of this section, the Registrar-General may reject any name that is a prohibited name with the meaning of subsection (4).

(4) In this subsection (3), "prohibited name" means a name that -

(a) is obscene or offensive; or
(b) could not practicably be established by repute or usage –

(i) because it is too long; or
(ii) because it consists of or includes symbols without phonetic significance; or
(iii) for some other reason; or

(c) is contrary to the public interest for some other reason;".

Section 20
Insert next after subsection (3) the following as subsection (4) –

" (4) The Deputy Keeper of the Records may furnish the Registrar-General with a copy of every deed poll registered in the Record Office and the Registrar-General shall make an appropriate entry noting the individual’s change of name in the Birth or Death Register as the case may be.".

Section 23
1. Renumber the section as subsection (1) of the section.
2. Insert next after subsection (1), as renumbered, the following as subsection (2) –

" (2) A person who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction in the Parish Court to a fine not exceeding two hundred thousand dollars.".
Section 24
1. Renumber the section as subsection (1) of the section.
2. Insert next after subsection (1), as renumbered, the following as subsection (2) -

   "(2) A persons who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction in the Parish Court to a fine not exceeding two hundred thousand dollars."

Section 54
1. Renumber the section as subsection (1) of the section.
2. In subsection (1), as renumbered, delete the words "between the hours of half past nine in the morning and half past three in the afternoon of every day, except Sundays, Christmas Day and Good Friday, and such other days as the Registrar-General subject to the approval of the Minister may appoint" and substitute therefor the words "in such manner and at such time as the Registrar-General considers appropriate".
3. Insert next after subsection (1) as renumbered, the following as subsection (2) -

   "(2) The Registrar-General may issue certified copies of entries and certificates in any format that the Registrar-General considers appropriate.".

Section 55
1. In subsection (1), delete the words "all particulars which appear on the original entry and all corrections or additions made under the provisions of this Act" and substitute therefor the words "such particulars of the entry as may be determined by the Registrar—General".
2. In subsection (2), delete the words "any particulars except the name, surname, sex and date and place of birth and such other particulars, if any, as may be prescribed, not being particularly relating to parentage" and substitute therefor the words "such particulars as may be prescribed".

Section 72
1. Renumber the section as subsection (1) of the section.
2. Insert next after subsection (1) as renumbered, the following as subsection (2) -

   "(2) Regulations made under subsection (1) may -

   (a) provide for the keeping, maintenance and operation of registers and information electronically;
   (b) the sharing of information in registers;
   (c) the creation of new registers."

New sections 74 and 75
Insert next after section 73 the following -

"Registrar-General may permit information stored in its registers to be entered into the Database from time to time.".
be entered in Database.

Form of registers.

Revenue Administration Act

PART VIC

Section 17F Delete subsection (3) and substitute therefor the following—

"(3) Information obtained pursuant to this section shall not be disclosed except—

(a) to the Commissioner or the officer of a revenue department on whose behalf it was obtained;

(b) to the National Identification and Registration Authority established under the National Identification and Registration Act for the sole purpose of establishing or verifying the identity of a taxpayer; or

(c) for the purpose of any proceedings connected with a matter in relation to which the Commissioner or the other officer performs duties.”.

Section 17G Insert next after subsection (3) the following—

"(3A) Subsection (3) does not apply to National Identification and Registration Authority.”.

Status of Children Act

Section 10 Insert next after subsection (4) the following—

"(5) Where a declaration of paternity is granted the Registrar of the Supreme Court or the Clerk of Courts of the Parish Court shall transmit a copy of the order to the Registrar-General and the Registrar-General shall carry out the actions directed under section 19(3) of the Registration of Births and Deaths Act.”.

MEMORANDUM OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

This Bill seeks to facilitate the establishment of a National Identification System that supports secure, reliable and robust verification and authentication of the identity of all citizens and persons who are ordinarily resident in Jamaica by 2017.

To achieve this objective, a National Identification System is to be
established that will include -

(a) the National Identification Number which is to be issued to each person registered in the database as well as the issue of a National Identification Card;

(b) a National Civil and Identification Database that will contain the personal identity data for all citizens and persons ordinarily resident in Jamaica.

The National Identification Card carrying a unique number and the cardholder’s name, address and signature. Jamaican citizens and foreign nationals in prescribed categories are required to register for and obtain a National Identification Card. National Identification Cards issued to visitors and temporary residents will differ from those issued to Jamaican citizens and will indicate whether the person is entitled to work or to access state benefits.

The Database will be built from scratch as people are issued with National Identification Card and not rely solely on other sources of data which may have historical or other errors. However, before an entry is confirmed, it will be checked against other databases such as passports, driving licences and immigration records. The Database will also link each individual’s record to a biometric that is unique to that person. The Database will, therefore, be a single highly reliable record of a person’s identity and will be built using best practice in countering identity fraud.

Andrew Holness
Prime Minister